Revised: August 2017 (6th version)

Standard Commodity Classification No. of Japan	
875200	

- Kampo-preparation -

TEIKOKU Ninjinto Extract Granules

< Ninjinto >

Storage			
Store at room temperature in a tight			
container. [See the "Precaution for			
handling" section.]			

Approval No.	(61AM) 3681
Date of listing in the NHI reimbursement price	October 1987
Date of initial marketing in Japan	October 1987
Date of illitial marketing in Japan	October 1787

Expiration date Ninjinto should be used before the expiration date indicated on the label and the package.

CONTRAINDICATIONS (Ninjinto is contraindicated in the following patients.)

- 1. Patients with aldosteronism
- 2. Patients with myopathy
- 3. Patients with hypokalemia
- [1-3: These diseases or symptoms may be aggravated.]

DESCRIPTION

	7.5 g of TEIKOKU Ninjinto Extract Granules		
	contains 2.06 g of a dried water extract of the		
	following mixed crude drugs.		
	JP Ginseng 3.0 g		
	JP Glycyrrhiza 3.0 g		
Composition	JP Atractylodes Rhizome 3.0 g		
	JP Processed Ginger 3.0 g		
	(JP: The Japanese Pharmacopoeia)		
	Inactive ingredients	JP Lactose Hydrate	
		JP Microcrystalline Cellulose	
		JP Magnesium Stearate	
Description	Dosage form	Granules	
	Color	Light brown	
	Smell	Slightly characteristic smell	
	Taste	Sweet and bitter	
	ID code	TEIKOKU 32	

INDICATIONS

The following symptoms of those patients with increased urine volume who easily have cold hands and feet:

Weak digestive system, gastric atony, diarrhea, vomiting, and gastric pain

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

For oral use, the usual adult dosage is 2.5 g of TEIKOKU Ninjinto Extract Granules three times daily before meals.

The dosage may be adjusted according to the patient's age, body weight, and symptoms.

PRECAUTIONS

1. Important Precautions

- (1) When this product is used, the patient's "SHO" (constitution/symptoms) should be taken into account. The patient's progress should be carefully monitored, and if no improvement in symptoms/findings is observed, continuous treatment should be avoided.
- (2) Since this product contains Glycyrrhiza, careful attention should be paid to the serum potassium level, blood pressure, etc., and if any abnormality is observed, administration should be discontinued.
- (3) When this product is coadministered with other Kampo-preparations (Japanese traditional herbal medicines), etc., attention should be paid to the duplication of the contained crude drugs.

SHO: The term "SHO" refers to a particular pathological status of a patient evaluated by the Kampo diagnosis, and is patterned according to the patient's constitution, symptoms, etc. Kampo-preparations (Japanese traditional herbal medicines) should be used after confirmation that it is suitable for the identified "SHO" of the patient.

2. Drug Interactions

Precautions for coadministration (Ninjinto should be administered with care when coadministered with the following drugs.)

Drugs	Signs, Symptoms, and Treatment	Mechanism and Risk Factors
Preparations containing	Pseudoaldosteronism	Since glycyrrhizinic acid
Glycyrrhiza	is likely to occur.	and diuretics have an
	Besides, myopathy is	accelerating action on
Preparations containing	likely to occur as a	the potassium excretion
glycyrrhizinic acid or	result of hypokalemia.	at the renal tubules, an
glycyrrhizinates	(Refer to the section	acceleration of de-
	"Clinically significant	crease in the serum
Loop diuretics	adverse reactions".)	potassium level has
Furosemide		been suggested.
Etacrynic acid		
Thiazide diuretics		
Trichlormethiazide		

3. Adverse Reactions

This product has not been investigated (drug use investigations, etc.) to determine the incidence of adverse reactions. Therefore, the incidence of adverse reactions is not known.

(1) Clinically significant adverse reactions

- 1) Pseudoaldosteronism: Pseudoaldosteronism such as hypokalemia, increased blood pressure, retention of sodium / body fluid, edema, increased body weight, etc. may occur. The patient should be carefully monitored (measurement of serum potassium level, etc.), and if any abnormality is observed, administration should be discontinued and appropriate measures such as administration of potassium preparations should be taken.
- 2) Myopathy: Myopathy may occur as a result of hypokalemia. The patient should be carefully monitored, and if any abnormality such as weakness, convulsion / paralysis of limbs, etc. are observed, administration should be discontinued and appropriate measures such as administration of potassium preparations should be taken.

(2) Other adverse reactions

	Incidence unknown	
Hypersensitivity Note)	Rash, Urticaria, etc.	

Note) If such symptoms are observed, administration should be discontinued.

4. Use in the Elderly

Because elderly patients often have reduced physiological function, careful supervision and measures such as reducing the dose are recommended.

5. Use during Pregnancy, Delivery or Lactation

The safety of this product in pregnant women has not been established. Therefore, the product should be used in pregnant women, women who may possibly be pregnant only if the expected therapeutic benefits outweigh the possible risks associated with treatment.

6. Pediatric Use

The safety of this product in children has not been established. [Insufficient clinical data.]

PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING

- 1. This product should not be stored in direct rays and should be stored in a cool place with, if possible, little humidity.
- Since it is hygroscopic property, this product should not be stored in humid places after opening.

PACKAGING

Boxes of 2.5 g×42 packets Boxes of 2.5 g×252 packets

REQUEST FOR LITERATURE SHOULD BE MADE TO:

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Teikoku Seiyaku Co., Ltd.
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